NUMB. 1246

The Daily Gazetteer.

TUESDAY, JUNE 19. 1739.

91c. 1244.

REFLECTIONS *upon* PARTY, *and the deplorable Condition of the present* PARTY WRITERS. *Occasioned by the* Craftsman *and* Common Sense *of Saturday June 9.*

NOTHING is more necessary to the proper Execution of a Design, than previously to compare the Nature of what we are going about, with our Qualifications for the Task, and to consider well whether we have, or can hope for a Supply of Materials sufficient to *pursue* and *perfect* our Undertaking with Credit and Reputation. Caution of this Sort is necessary in all Cases, but in none so much wanted as in Designs professedly undertaken for the *Advantage of a whole People*, since such a *great Part of the People* will naturally attend: — And it is very probable, that had the Writers who were at first engaged *every Week* to blame the Publick Administration of Affairs at all Events, or to *abuse* and *abuse* every Gentleman worthy of publick Trust, in Defiance of the most *known* and *confessed* Merit, taken Time to consider the many and great Difficulties they must inevitably meet with in the Prosecution of *such an Intention*, the constant Want of proper Materials, and frequent Want of *any*, under which they would be sure unavoidably to labour; — instead of *Weekly Packets*, *Monthly* or *Quarterly* Volumes would have appeared more practicable, and more promising of Reputation to the Authors of them; though, perhaps, of no more Success to their principal Supporters, whose Impatience for the *speedy Reward* of their publick Zeal can scarce wait the tedious Course of the revolving Week.

But, whatever were the Motives that influenced the Appearance of those Weekly Attacks, many are the Difficulties in which the poor Editors of them have been involv'd, by requiring, be the Posture of Affairs *what it will*, let the National Concerns be in the *happiest Situation*, and every *desireable Benefit* in our Possession; maugre the greatest Tenderness and Regard for the Prince for the People, and the most grateful Sense of Duty and Loyalty in the People to the Prince, — in spite of these, and every other Cause for publick Satisfaction, to be obliged, on the Return of *Saturday*, to furnish a fresh Two-penny Worth of *Complaints* against a *Constitution* calculated to make us happy, an Administration that preserves and distributes the Blessings it was intended to bestow, and to attack the *publick Conduct* and *private Character* of every Gentleman instrumental in protecting the Nation from the Evils threaten'd from Abroad, and the Effects of Discord at Home, is a Task that requires both a *Contempt of Truth*, such a Capacity to *invent*, and such a Countenance to *assert*, as can scarcely be expected in one Person; and though Mr. *D'Anvers*, by the special Assistance of some unequal'd Genius's in this Way, made a tolerable Figure for some Time, yet a Time came when the whole Fund of their Malice was exhausted, unhappily for them, before the Ends of the Righteous Ends proposed, was accomplished! in this Dilemma, as is the frequent Practice in such Cases, those whom an earnest Desire of *Advantage*, and an ill grounded Expectation of *Success* had drawn to their Aid, dropp'd the Pursuit, and poor *Caleb*, abandon'd by his best Friends, was left to keep the Field of Contention with no other Ammunition than the single Pop-Gun of his own *distended Fancy*: — Hence arose the general Distaste expressed for his Writings, which in time became Satiates to those who once were loud Proclaimers of their vivifying Effects; all he has lately presented the Publick being only a few Papers written in *servile Imitation* with Mr. *Common Sense* of *White Friars*, on Subjects they would both have gain'd more Credit by never offering to touch, or tedious Dissertations upon such as in his Fourteen Volumes, occur more than Fourteen Times; of which Kind is his Paper of *Saturday* the 9th Instant, where, paying no more Reference to the *prodigious* Author of the often-insulted *Dissertation upon Parties*, than he lately did to the *Manes* of a *deceased Friend*, he very seriously sets about telling his Readers what the Meaning of the Word PARTY is, which he frequently said the *Dissertator* had well explain'd, and assures us he can from *English* History prove, by it was *always meant a National Division of Opinions, concerning the Form and Methods of Government, for the Benefit of the whole Community, according to the different Judgments of Men; that their Conformity to those Principles, as the Motive of their respective Actions, distinguished the Party, and that by the Fruit we might know the Tree!*

However unintelligible this new Definition of Party may appear, or however it may be found to agree with the many Explanations of that Term given by Mr. *D'Anvers* in the Course of his voluminous Writings, it cannot ever be approved by any who have given Attention to the various Causes that have involved these Kingdoms in the numerous Misfortunes without which *Party* has scarcely, in any Country, ever rear'd her baleful Head; for former Ages proved, at a vast Expence of *Blood*, that the Parties which most generally and most fatally distressed this Land, so far from being Men separated from others by their *different Opinions of the Methods of Government most expedient to the Good of the whole Community*, have always been Men whose ridiculous Ambition, whose Impatience of the Station in which *Nature* had placed them, whose *Treachery to the Publick*, whose *Perfidy to their Sovereign*, whose *Correspondence with the Enemies of their Country*, or whose open Violation of every *moral Duty*, have drawn upon them the Resentment of all Friends of their Country, and the Contempt of every honest Man; which was, perhaps, but a small Portion of the Punishment their Demerit deserved; — to *such*, and their *deluded Followers*, has the Name of Party been constantly apply'd; in a Sense so *different* from that in which the *Craftsman* has now explain'd it, that it must, in almost every Instance where it occurs in the Histories of *Athens*, *Rome*, or *Britain*, be understood to imply a Set of Men who *opposed* their own Interests to those of their *Country*, and who were determined, from a Disregard to all beside themselves, to approve of *no Form of Government whatever*, of which they had not the Administration; Men who, in all Countries alike, use the Cry of *Liberty* for a *Bait* to the *Populace*, whom they have constantly abandon'd, as soon as the Purposes are served for which they were gather'd together. — And it is observable, that since the general Improvement of Mankind by the Spreading of Arts, Sciences, and useful Knowledge, the Mischiefs arising from *Party* have been less frequent, and less fatal; — for though before the *Principles* of *Liberty* were so universally understood, as they are now throughout *Europe*, and especially in *Great Britain*, it was an easy Matter for a designing Man of considerable Fortune, or, sometimes, without any other Recommendation than a little extraordinary *Craft*, to assemble a Multitude at his Heels to do whatever Violence he set them upon, without knowing *for what* it was done, or *to what* their Outrages tended; yet now few Men are to be found, who set so small a Value upon their Lives, and are profuse enough of their Liberties, to risque both the one and the other, at the Alarm of any one Man, where the Cause does not appear sufficient to interest them in the Quarrel, nor even then, without considering, previously to an *Union of Interests*, whether Justice *raises* the Alarm, and Reason *approves* the Cry; whether the *probable Event* of their Enterprize is equal to the *Dangers attending it*, and whether *more Advantage* may not accrue, to the Publick and to themselves, from a Continuance in *their Duty* and of the *National Tranquility*, than can be hoped by any proposed Commotion; and, (which commonly serves to fix the most wavering Man, if his Senses are not quite gone) whether, while *Thousands* must be involved in the Hazard and Punishment due to such an Attempt, the *whole Benefit* arising from it would not be center'd in a *very few*; *two* or *three* having, ere now, been known the only Gainers, where a whole Country has been half depopulated! — But such Effects of Party are now at an End, happily for these *Realms*; and Mr. *D'Anvers* himself can aver, from woeful Experience, that though Men are to be found ready enough to *read*, and earnestly to *discant* upon Party-Subjects, yet there is no Hope of carrying them any *farther*, while they seem fixed in an Opinion, that it is inconsistent with a proper Use of *Freedom*, and *natural Liberty*, to disturb the Peace of their Country, and their own Happiness, unless their Country, and their Privileges, were in Danger.

Mr. *Common Sense*, as he set out with many Disadvantages, has quickly proved his Ability to surmount them; and before he had well finished his Compliments to the Publick upon his first Appearance, he fell into dull Repititions of his own *weighty Essays*, and has bully'd poor *Caleb* into a mean Conformity to the Subjects he directs, in order to keep him in Countenance, by giving Occasion for their both being laugh'd at at the *same Time*; tho' it must be own'd, to the great Honour of Mr. *D'Anvers*, that his dirty Colleague has, in the Space of *two* Years, been put to more notorious, more scandalous Shifts, to keep the Eyes of his Readers open, than *Caleb* was reduc'd to in the Course of *seven*, I might say of *fourteen* Years; for, as I observ'd above, while the *Craftsman* was mistaken for a Paper intended, in some measure, to *serve Mankind*, he had frequently the Assistance of Men who *meant Good* to the Publick; whereas the other no sooner appeared, but his Intentions were obvious to every-body, and through all his Pretences of *Countenance from Men of Fortune and Figure*, it was quickly seen that the picking up a Livelihood from Scandal, and gaining that Bread by *abusing his Superiors*, which he was unable to obtain by *honester Means*, were the only Motives of his rising in the *Cause of Liberty*, as he phras'd it, and of attempting to deceive, under a *third Disguise*, those who had been twice tir'd with him before! — This will remove all Wonder at the desperate Insolence he sometimes is driven upon to have himself taken Notice of: But, lest Calumny and Abuse should fail always to please even *his* Readers, he now and then ventures on Subjects which, when they are handled properly, require a *Knowledge of our Constitution*, and some small *Skill in the Art of Writing*: On these Occasions, he ever makes a most despicable Figure, from the Difficulty of hindering his *single Talent of Abuse* from forcing itself into every Sentence; for when, in his Paper of *Saturday* the 9th Inst. he undertakes to treat of *Parliaments* (in the same Manner he has done four Times this Season already) from his *Style*, and *Method* of handling the Subject, one would be apt to conclude the Man mad beyond Hope of Recovery, were it not remember'd that as by such Kind of Writings he hath hitherto supported himself, by them only he can hope to subsist: — But whatever be the Motives of his Actions, how impossible it is for Gentlemen of Candor, be their Sentiments of Publick Affairs what they will, *to approve* a Writer so lost to a Sense of *Duty* to the Government, under which he is permitted to live by his Libels, to the *Decency* necessary in all Writings offer'd to the Publick Perusal, and to the *Propriety of Language* indispensable upon every Subject, as to use, in a Paper professedly written upon the *Freedom* of a *British Parliament*, (the most important and most interesting Subject an *Englishman* can handle) the following Words and Phrases: — *Gang — Gang of Banditti — Threats, Flattery, Lies, even Pimping will be employ'd — Sneaking Method of Bribing — Speak Truth of the Devil — Every Publick Act will be turn'd into a Job — Villain of Spirit — Cheats, Impostors, and Knaves*, &c. &c.

To name all the Contradictions and Indecencies contained in this mad Letter would be endless and unnecessary, as every Reader will, on the slightest Perusal, observe the glaring Absurdity of almost every Sentence throughout the whole: — But, as it is written without one *visible Cause*, that *no Intention* whatever is discernable in it, is the less surprising: — It being certain that the *Publick Business of the Nation* was never *attended* to with more Earnestness, nor *proceeded* in with greater Dispatch, than in the *present Session* of Parliament, where, with the *Increase of Business* of the *utmost Importance*, an *Inclination* to go through it with the *chearful Deliberation* necessary to preserve the Honour and promote the Interest of the Nation, is *seen to increase*; and, so unfortunate have a few Gentlemen been in their *sudden Retiring into the Country*, that some of the most publickly approved *Laws*, tending to the Benefit of the *whole People*, will be made at a Time when, notwithstanding their repeated Declarations of a Desire to serve their Country, they will not be able to claim the smallest Portion of Thanks from those they have so long amused with their pretended Adherence to the general Advantage of the Nation!

ALG. SIDNEY.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Dantzic, June 1. *O. S.*

LETTERS from Petersburg, &c. say, That upon the Report that the Swedes intended to attack Kiow, all the necessary Preparations are making there to give them a warm Reception; and that it is absolutely determin'd that upon the first News which arrives of the Swedes having commenc'd Hostilities, the Velt Marshal Lasci shall embark on board the Gallies with 20,000 Men to make some powerful Diversion by a Descent upon some Province of Sweden; that the Velt Marshal de Munich is to return from the Ukraine to command in Finland, where 'tis said an Army of 50,000 regular Forces is to take the Field; that 20,000 Men are likewise to be sent for from the Ukraine, who will be able to be near Petersburg in six Weeks; and that those Troops are to be reinforc'd by 10,000 Men, to be drawn out of the Garisons, &c.

Vienna, June 2. *O. S.* The News that a Part of the Russian Army had march'd thro' Poland is suspected to be false, neither of the two Russian Ministers here having receiv'd the least Advice of it. We hear that the British and Dutch Ambassadors at Constantinople have sent two Expresses to the Imperial Camp near Peterwaradin with Letters that confirm the Desire of the Porte to treat of a Peace with the Emperor.

Magdeburg, June 3 *O. S.* We have Advice, that George Albert, the Duke Regent of Saxe Barbi, died two Days ago at Barbi in the 45th Year of his Age, whereupon the Detachment of Saxon Forces then in the Town immediately took Possession of the Gates and the Castle. On the 18th of Feb. 1721. the Deceased married Augusta Louisa, Daughter of Christian Ulrick, Duke of Wirtemberg Oels, but was divorc'd from her in 1732. and on the 5th of January last the said Princess died in a Castle of the Principality of Oels in Silesia.

Schaffhausen, June 6. *O. S.* A great many Swiss that went over to inhabit the new Settlements of the English at Carolina and Georgia, are return'd from thence, not being able to bear the Climate, nor many other Inconveniences of that Country.

Madrid, June 6. *N. S.* The Conferences between the Spanish and English Commissioners are suspended for some Days. The King has caus'd it to be declared to Mr. Keene, the British Minister, that since the South Sea Company still refused to pay the 68,000 l. sterling, his Majesty must be oblig'd to revoke the Privilege of the Negro Trade granted to the said Company by the Assiento Treaty; and that in consequence thereof he should likewise be oblig'd to put the Company's Effects in several Parts of Mexico under Sequestration, in order to procure himself the Payment of the Sum in Question. Hereupon Mr. Keene dispatch'd an Express to London to know if he must continue the Conferences, or break them off. Mean Time, he has signify'd to the Marquis de Villarias, that the King of Great Britain was not yet dispos'd to recall the Squadron which is in the Mediterranean under Admiral Haddock.

IRELAND.

Dublin, June 12. Last Friday the Right Hon. the Lord Santry was remov'd from Newgate to Mr. Smith the Keeper of Newgate's Country House near Kilmainham, for the Benefit of the Air.

On Saturday last Mr. Eneas Beatle was try'd at the Commission of Oyer and Terminer, for forcibly entering the House of Mr. Peticrew in Fleetstreet, and in a violent Manner taking thereout Mrs. Sarah Hoope, and was found Guilty of the same.

Last Week the Dublin Yatcht sailed for Parkgate to bring over his Grace the Archbishop of Dublin.

Last Week did at Cork, Col. Jesseryes, Governor of that City.

Yesterday arriv'd in the Cartaret Pacquet Boat, from Holyhead, the Right Hon. the Lord Castledurrow.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Gibraltar, June 2. *O. S.* This Day sailed the Fame, Harris; the Tigris, Petre; the Mermaid, Skelton; the Argyle, ——; and the Prince of Orange, Grocock, all for London; the William, Atkinson, for Antigua; the Julian, Brame, and the Eagle, Miligen, for Cadiz; and the Sarah, Colcot, for the Baltick.

Hamburgh, June 23. *N. S.* Up the Elbe is arrived the St. Peter, Jacob Wahso, from London; the — —, Joseph Barnaby, from Tarento; and the ——, Felix Doram, from Liverpool.

Amsterdam, June 24. *N. S.* In the Texel is arriv'd the ——, Douwe Rinkes, from London; and the ——, Jonathan Pearson, from New York. 'On the 'Coast of Jutland is lost the John and Sarah, Capt. 'Williams, bound from London for the East Sea.'

Amsterdam, June 26. *N. S.* At Riga is arriv'd the ——, Robert Edgar from Montrose; the Mary, Thomas Belsey, from London; the ——, William Chartres, from Newcastle; and the Elizabeth, William Price, from Lisbon.

HOME PORTS.

Leith, June 9. Arrived the Katharine, David Dryburgh; and the Magdalene, John Mather, from Bilboa; and the ——, John Miller, from Norway. Sailed the John and Margaret, George Steil, for London; the Helen, James Ogilvie, for Boulogne; the Helen, Robert Duncan, for Zetland; the Royal Escape, Capt. Erskine, for the North, 'having on 'board the Earl of Morton and some other Gen-'tlemen. The Janet, David Gilchrist, sailed the '14th for Holland. Passed by the Ship of John 'Connochie for Airth, who on the 5th Inst. spoke 'with 7 of the Brest Squadron at the Naze, making 'for the Baltick.'

Leith, June 10. Arrived the Janet, David Ramsay, from Bilboa.

Bristol, June 16. Came in since our last, the New Kent, Ruffan; and the Williamsburgh, Lambert, both from Virginia; and the Chesterfield, Reade, from Malaga.

Arrived at Ostend, the Prince Frederick, ——; at Hamburgh, the Prince of Wales, Smith; at Virginia, the Mortimer, Lansdon; the Martin, Beale; the Hanover, Collis; the Murdock, Harrison; and the Duke of Cumberland, Barne, all from this Port; at Barbados, the Swan, ——; the Cross Galley, Pitman; and the Fantyn, Boddy, all from Africa.

Falmouth, June 14. Wind N. W. This Day sailed the King George Packet, Uring, for Lisbon, and the Eagle Packet for the Groyne, with the rest of the outward-bound Ships. Remains the Townshend Packet for the Groyne.

Pool, June 16. Sailed the Dolphin, Reeks, for Rochelle; the Ince and Mary, Diamond, for Jersey; the Jolliff Sloop, Thompson, for Tenby; the Sarah, Rolls, for St. Martin's; the Three Brothers, Phippard, for London; and the Susannah of Weymouth, Jack, for Alderney. Came in the Endeavour, Henning; the Annis and Mary, West; and the Providence, Windsor, all from Newcastle.

Cowes, June 16. Wind N. W. On the 13th, came in the Ann, Burd, of and for Padstow from Calais, and sailed the next Day: On the 14th, came in the Elizabeth, Mildrum, of and from Southampton for Guernsey, and sailed the 15th: This Day sailed his Majesty's Sloop the Swift, Capt. Cook, on a Cruize; and the Prosperous, Beale, from this Place for Havre: On the 15th, came in the Amelia, Higgins, from London for Southampton, to load Salt for Maryland; and the Catherina Warnerer, Keleye, of and from Gottenburgh for a Market, with Iron and Deals.

Southampton, June 17. Since my last arrived the Elizabeth, Le Cras, of and for Jersey from London. Sailed the Charming Betty, Le Cras, of and for Jersey.

Deal, June 17. Wind S. W. Arrived and remain his Majesty's Ship the Chatham from Lisbon, with the Men of War and Merchant Ships as in my last. Arrived the St. Elizabeth, Campbell, from Jamaica; the Catherine, Browne, from Cadiz; and the Betty, Friend, from Malaga. Arrived in Dover Road, and hath had Orders from hence, the Boston Pink, Dunn, from Amsterdam for ——; and the Charming Molly, Brasier for Oporto.

Gravesend, June 17. Passed by the Carthagena Galley, Goatley, from St. Malo; the Phillippa, Boysman; and the Sea Nymph, Evans, from Bremen; the Hope, Neilson from Norway; and the Eagle, Raven, from Stockholm.

Arrived at several Ports.

The Mermaid, Tanner, from Antigua; the Onslow, Balchen, from Bombay and St. Helena; the Susanna, Hoar, from New England; the Barcelona, Weight, from the Streights; and the Friendship, Laws, from Jamaica, all at Dover.

The Lucitania, Burchley, from Malaga at Brighthelmston.

The Kitty, Cunningham, from Maryland at Hastings.

The Neptune, Boyde, from London and Madeira at Antigua.

The Britannia, Fones; the Cambridge, Morris; the Peggy, Newall; the Success, Snelling; and the Industry, Sheppardson, all from London at New England.

The Catherine, Farmer; the Esther, Ratsey; the Albany, Bryant; and the Oswego Packet, Langdon, all from London at New York: And the Constantine, Wright from London at Philadelphia.

LONDON.

The ——, Frederick Holmes Master, loaden with Salt, from Trappani for ——, founder'd lately near Mahone; but her Crew was sav'd by the Phœnix, Capt. White.

'Tis wrote from Colchester, that on Wednesday last one Coolege, a Taylor, and Teacher to an Assembly of Baptists in that Town, was committed to Gaol by the Right Worshipful the Mayor, charged with criminal Conversation with his Daughter, a young Woman about 18 Years of Age.

To-morrow Morning the Commissioners of the Navy will receive Proposals from such Owners as are willing to sell Ships of between 200 and 300 Tons Burden, fit for Transports or Victuallers in his Majesty's Service.

Yesterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships appointed Capt. William Smith to be Captain of his Majesty's Ship the Lion, in the room of Captain Hildersley.

And appointed Mr. Bankley to be Lieutenant of his Majesty's Ship the Chatham, lately arriv'd from the West-Indies.

The most eminent Physicians of London have done justice to the *Spa-Water* at *Witham* in Essex, highly approving of and recommending it to the Publick. The Inhabitants of that Town (which is finely situated) have made the necessary Preparations for the Reception of Company expected there in the Season; and for their Diversion there is lately built a spacious *Long-Room*.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	09	27	Evening 09 [illegible]

Bank Stock 136 3-4ths. India 159, 158. South Sea 94. Old Annuity 107 1-half, 3-4ths. New ditto 107 3-4ths for the Opening. Three per Cent. 99 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan 1-half. Five per Cent. ditto 92 1-4th. Royal Assurance 94 1-half. London Assurance 11 1-half. African 13 1-half. India Bonds 3 l. 16 s. Prem. South Sea ditto no Price. Bank Circulation 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-half to 1 1-4th Prem. English Copper 3 l. 5 s. Welsh ditto Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders Price. Three per Cent. ditto 5 per Cent. Discount. Million Bank 119. Lottery Tickets 5 l. 4 s.

Lottery-Office, June 15 1739.

THE Managers and Directors of the Lottery appointed by an Act passed in the last Sessions of Parliament intitled, An Act to enlarge the Powers of the Commissioners for building a Bridge cross the River *Thames*, from the *Wool-staple*, or thereabouts, in the Parish of *St. Margaret's* in the City of *Westminster* to the opposite Shore in the County of *Surry*; and to enable them by a Lottery to raise Money for the several Purposes therein mentioned; and to enlarge the Time for exchanging Tickets unclaim'd in the last Lottery for the said Bridge; and to make Provision for Tickets in the said Lottery lost, burnt, or otherwise destroy'd, *do hereby give Notice, that they have, pursuant to the Direction of the said Act, appointed the Payments of the Contributors to the said Lottery to be made into the Bank of England in the Proportions and at the Times following; that is to say, One Pound Five Shillings on each Ticket, to be paid on or before the 25th of this Instant June (the Cashiers being ready to receive the same); One Pound Ten Shillings more to be paid on or before the 25th of August next; and the remaining Two Pounds on each Ticket, on or before the 12th Day of October following.*

Lottery-Office, June 15. 1739.

THE Managers and Directors appointed to exchange the Tickets in the Bridge Lottery, and to receive for Certificates, do hereby give Notice, That, pursuant to an Act passed this last Session of Parliament intitled, An Act to enlarge the Powers of the Commissioners for building a Bridge cross the River *Thames*, from the *Wool-staple*, or thereabouts, in the Parish of *St. Margaret*, in the City of *Westminster*, to the opposite Shore in the County of *Surry*; and to enable them by a Lottery, to raise Money for several Purposes therein mentioned; and to enlarge the Time for exchanging Tickets unclaimed in the last Lottery for the said Bridge; and to make Provision for Tickets in the said Lottery lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, *Attendance will be given at the Office near the Receipt of his Majesty's Exchequer, on Thursday in every Week, from Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon to One, to deliver Certificates for such Tickets remaining unclaim'd, as shall be brought to them on or before the 15th of March next, pursuant to the Direction of the said Act.*

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noster Row.*